## Approved For Release 2005/06/01: CIA-RDP80-00809A000500770014-9 SECURITY INFORMATION SECRET CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY INFORMATION REPORT 25X1 DATE DISTR. 14 MAY 1952 COUNTRY : GERMANY/AUSTRIA SUBJECT : Chemical Projects at Leuna and NO. OF PAGES 3 Moosbierbaum 25X1 NO. OF ENCLS. PLACE ACQUIRED : SUPPLEMENT TO REPORT NO. DATE ACQUIRED 25X1 DATE OF INFORMATION : THIS IS UNEVALUATED INFORMATION 25X1 25X1 25X1 Moosbierbaum is situated on the north bank of the Danupe about 25 miles 25X1 Before above Vienna, across the river from Swentendorf. Germany's occupation of Austria, Moosbierbaum was a rather small plant and had manufactured the following products which were alcohol, starch, protein, syrup, glue made from potatoes: which was mixed with wager glass, phosphorus residue which was sold as fertilizer, and potato pulp. Copper sulfate had also been manufactured; it was sold to the state, although a fair 25X1 portion was illegally channeled for use in nearby vineyards. toward the end of World War II a plant for making 25X1 (Synthetisches Schmieroel) was being built at Moosbierbaam. When it became a Leuna subsidiary, Moosbierbaum was developed 2. into a major European industrial complex. The Id combine SECRET

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furnished plans and technicians for the following new plants:

## (a) Hydroforming Plant

The off-gases from the hydroforming process, mainly methane, ethane, ethylene, and propene, were separated by cooling with four systems of hinde ice machines and then distilled. Some of the propene was compressed for use as a motor fuel. About 25 tank cars of finished products left the hydroforming plant each day.

## (b) Fog Acid Plant

This plant began production at the beginning of 1944 and had been built according to plans furnished by IG Oppau. The Moosbierbaum fog acid plant produced a fuming sulfuric acid which was to be used with chlorine for producing fog for war purposes. At the end of World War II, specialists from this plant left Moosbierbaum and went to Augsburg, Germany (US Zone).

## (c) A plant for making light metals

This plant was to make all light metals and their alloys, such as aluminum, magnesium, etc, according to IO combine processes. The plans for this plant were to be supplied by IO Bitterfeld, but by the spring of 1945, not even the skeleton buildings were completed because of many shortages in building materials.

. [		the chemical plants stretched
•	along the Danube for six or seve	n kilometers. Since the end of
	<b>World</b> War II, the connection bet	ween Moosbierbaum and Leuna
	has ceased. Moosbierbaum still	
	financial assistance for the dev	
Г	these reguests are	

25X1

in 1946, the following new plants had either been completed or were still under construction at

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(a) Synthetic Detergents Plant

The detergents which are produced are probably of the Mersolate type. This plant was first dismantled and then rebuilt. It began operations in 1949.

(b) Alcohol Plant

This plant probably produced higher alcohols. I saw this new plant in September 1951 and believe that it has been operating since 1949. As it is located near the synthetic methanol plant, I believe it is used for the separation and purification of the higher alcohols obtained in the methanol synthesis. Several of the old methanol and ammonia reactors had been removed and were not replaced by the end of 1951.

(c) <u>Urea Plant</u>

This plant has been in operation since the end of 1951.

(d) Plant for the manufacture of synthetic resins from urea (K-glue or Kaurit)

This plant has been operating since 1949. Urea resins are needed by the Soviets in great quantities to make plywood. (Plywood is much cheaper than ordinary lumber in the USSR. It is used extensively for making the large boards on which pictures of the Soviet leaders are displayed. Plywood is also used for making boxes, furniture, partitions and even outer walls for buildings in the USSR. Most of this plywood is made from pine and has knots and a rough surface, but some of it is also made from hardwoods.)

(e) Acetylene Plant

this project was in the research stage, under the direction of Dr Heinrich Elm.

-end-

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